

CHALLENGE FACILITY FOR CIVIL SOCIETY

Empowering national community and survivors TB networks to monitor the TB UNHLM Political Declaration and CRG related milestones in Francophone Africa



LOCATION Benin; Burkina Faso; Burundi; Cameroon; Chad; Congo; Côte d'Ivoire; DRC; Gabon; Guinea; Senegal; Niger



TARGET POPULATION(S) National TB community networks; TB survivors network; National TB program; National TB Caucus (Parliamentarians)



IMPLEMENTERS AND PARTNERS

DRAF TB secretariat and its 12 country platforms; TB Caucus Francophone Africa (The Caucus); WHO Global TB Program (GTB); West Africa Network of NTP (WARN TB); Central Africa Network of NTP (CARN TB)

Dynamique de la Réponse d'Afrique Francophone sur la TB (DRAF TB)

Francophone Africa

ABOUT THE PROJECT

PROBLEM STATEMENT — There is a lack of accountability in the TB response: The implementation of CRG principles and approaches is central to ending TB. Holding governments accountable to implementing CRG commitments, contained within the UN Political Declaration, and stemming from The Global Plan to End TB and The End TB Strategy is key to ending TB by 2030 and needs to be strengthened. Community responses and engagement in the TB response is weak: Involvement of communities and TB survivors in national decision-making processes, advocacy, monitoring and accountability initiatives is weak, a phenomenon that is reflected at regional and global levels.

AIM — To enhance civil society and community coordination and capacity to contribute to national and regional UN HLM on TB accountability efforts in the francophone Africa region.

OBJECTIVES

- 1 To jointly monitor the implementation of the TB UNHLM political Declaration in 12 Francophone Africa countries to reach the targets and commitments contained within.
- 2 To strengthen the advocacy and CRG TB technical capacity of TB affected communities and survivor networks for a TB gender sensitive and human rights response in 12 countries in Francophone Africa.
- 3 To evaluate the barriers resulting from COVID 19 on Community led TB initiatives in 4 Francophone Africa countries.

STRATEGIC ALIGNMENTS



CONTRIBUTION TO REACHING KEY UN HLM TARGETS BY 2022. This CFCS project will contribute to four specific targets and commitments outlined in the United Nations Political Declaration on TB:

1. To provide diagnostic and treatment, with the aim of successfully treating 40 million people with Tuberculosis by 2022;
2. To provide diagnostic and treatment, with the aim of successfully treating 3,5 million children with Tuberculosis by 2022;
3. To provide diagnostic and treatment, with the aim of successfully treating 1,5 million people with drug resistant Tuberculosis including 115 000 children with drug resistant Tuberculosis by 2022;
4. To promote and support the end to stigma and all form of discrimination including removing discriminatory laws, policies and program against people with Tuberculosis and through the protection of human right and dignity. Recognize the various sociocultural barriers to tuberculosis prevention, diagnostics and treatment services specially for those who are vulnerable or in vulnerable situation and the need to develop integrated people centred community based and gender responsive health service based on human right;



ALIGNMENT WITH NATIONAL PRIORITIES AND THE TB STRATEGIC PLAN. The project is aligned with pillars outlined in the End TB Strategy reflected in all National Strategic Plans in the region, such as:

- Strong coalitions with civil society and community organizations;
- Protection and promotion of human rights, ethics and equity;
- People Centered Care;

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ROUND 9 GRANTEE PROFILE



ABOUT DRAF TB

The mission of DRAF TB is to contribute to people-centered, community-based TB prevention, diagnostic, treatment, care and support services, particularly for key vulnerable populations, by empowering national communities and TB survivors network to meaningfully participate in the TB response in Francophone Africa.